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## Factor Theorem | Past Paper Question | C2 OCR June 2012 Q8(i)

Two cubic polynomials are defined by  $f(x) = x^3 + (a-3)x + 2b$ ,  $g(x) = 3x^3 + x^2 + 5ax + 4b$ , where  $a$  and  $b$  are constants.

- (i) Given that  $f(x)$  and  $g(x)$  have a common factor of  $(x-2)$ , show that  $a = -4$  and find the value of  $b$ . [6]

Now  $f(2) = 0$

If  $f(x)$  is a polynomial and  $f(p) = 0$ , then  $x - p$  is a factor of  $f(x)$ .

$$\therefore 2^3 + 2(a-3) + 2b = 0$$

$$\therefore 8 + 2a - 6 + 2b = 0$$

$$\therefore 2 + 2a + 2b = 0 \quad (1)$$

Also  $g(2) = 0$

$$\therefore 3(2)^3 + (2)^2 + 5a(2) + 4b = 0$$

$$\therefore 24 + 10a + 4b = 0$$

$$\therefore 14 + 5a + 2b = 0 \quad (2)$$

$$(2) - (1) : \quad 12 + 3a = 0$$

$$\therefore 3a = -12$$

$$\therefore a = -4$$

Sub  $a = -4$  into (1)

$$\therefore 2 - 8 + 2b = 0$$

$$\therefore 2b = 6$$

$$\therefore b = 3$$

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